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FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE CONFIRMATION NO. 06/01/2001 830002-2003.1 09/872,832 Michel Sadelain 3724 20999 7590 05/05/2004 EXAMINER FROMMER LAWRENCE & HAUG EWOLDT, GERALD R 745 FIFTH AVENUE- 10TH FL. ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER NEW YORK, NY 10151 1644

DATE MAILED: 05/05/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Appli	cation No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summary					
			72,832	SADELAIN ET AL.	
	omec Action Cummary	Exan		Art Unit	
	The MAILING DATE of this community		Ewoldt, Ph.D.	1644	ducas
Period for	- The MAILING DATE of this commun r Reply	icauon appears o	n the cover sheet with the C	correspondence ad	uress
THE N - Extens after S - If the p - If NO - Failure Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUN sions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this com- period for reply specified above is less than thirty (3 period for reply is specified above, the maximum st e to reply within the set or extended period for reply sply received by the Office later than three months a d patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ICATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In nunication. o) days, a reply within thatutory period will apply will, by statute, cause the	no event, however, may a reply be ting the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely the mailing date of this co D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status					
2a)☐ 3)☐	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>01 August 2003 and 27 February 2004</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final. Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Dispositio	on of Claims				
5)	4) Claim(s) 1-60 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) 1-60 are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.				
Application	on Papers				•
 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. 					
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119			•	
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment((s)				
2) Notice 3) Inform	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (F ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or No(s)/Mail Date		4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate	-152)

DETAILED ACTION

- 1. Applicant's Election of Group III, filed 8/01/03, and election of species, filed 2/27/04, is acknowledged. In view of Applicant's arguments the restriction is hereby vacated. A new restriction follows. The Examiner apologizes for any inconvenience or delay.
- 2. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. § 121:
- I. Claims 1-40, drawn to an artificial antigen presenting cell, classified in Class 435, subclasses 348, 352, 354, and 366.
- II. Claims 41 and 42, drawn to method of activating cytotoxic T lymphocytes (CTLs), classified in Class 424, subclass 185.1.
- III. Claims 43 and 44, drawn to a CTL, classified in Class 424, subclass 93.71.
- IV. Claim 45, drawn to a method of treating a patient comprising administering AAPCs, classified in Class 424, subclass 185.1.
- V. Claims 46 and 47, drawn to a method of treating a patient comprising administering CTLs, classified in Class 424, subclass 93.71.
- VI. Claim 48, drawn to a method of screening for accessory molecules, classified in Class 435, subclass 7.2.
- VII. Claims 49-53, drawn to a method of screening for T cell-specific antigens, classified in Class 435, subclass 7.1.
- VIII. Claims 54-60, drawn to a method of identifying CTLs specifically activated against a known T cell antigen, classified in Class 435, subclass 7.1.
- 3. Invention I and III are different products. They are distinct because their structures and/or modes of action are different, i.e., AAPCs and CTLs comprise different cell types. Therefore, the Inventions are patentably distinct.
- 4. Inventions II and IV-VIII are different methods. The methods employ different reagents, different method steps, and result in different endpoints. For example, Invention III

employs AAPCs and results in CTLs whereas Invention VI employs AAPCs and CTLs and results in the identification of an accessory molecule. Also note that Inventions II, VI, VII, and VIII comprise in vitro methods which comprise significantly different considerations and limitations than do the *in vivo* methods of Inventions IV and V. Therefore they are patentably distinct.

5. Inventions I and III, and II and IV-VIII are related as product and processes of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (M.P.E.P. § 806.05(h)).

In the instant case, the products as claimed can be used in materially different processes, such as to produce antibodies.

- 6. This application contains inventions drawn to patentably distinct species. Should Applicant elect Group I, Applicant is further required under 35 U.S.C. § 121 to elect a specific embodiment of AAPC for examination. Said embodiment comprises:
- A) a **specific** cell source, such as one of those listed in Claim 4,
- B) a **specific** cell type, such as one of those listed in Claim 8,
- C) a **specific** accessory molecule, or a **specific** combination thereof, such as one or more of those listed in Claim 14,
- D) a **specific** HLA, such as one of those listed in Claims 26-32,
- E) a **specific** T cell epitope, such as one of those listed in Claims 26-32,
- F) and list all Claims readable thereon including those subsequently added. Currently all claims are generic.
- 7. Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

The different cell sources comprise different biological properties that would likely result in different immunological responses. For example, a murine cell would result in a

xenogeneic response in a human patient. The different cell types comprise different biological properties, e.g., a transformed cell line would comprise significantly different biological properties than would a keratinocyte. The different accessory or HLA molecules comprise discrete sequences that themselves are patentably distinct and would result in different immunological responses if employed in the claimed AAPC. The different T cell epitopes would activate separate and distinct subsets of CTLs. Therefore, the species are independent and patentable over one another.

- 8. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
- 9. Applicant is advised that the response to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed.
- 10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dr. Gerald Ewoldt whose telephone number is (571) 272-0843. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Thursday from 7:30 am to 5:30 pm. A message may be left on the examiner's voice mail service. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christina Chan can be reached on (571) 272-0841.
- 11. Please Note: Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). Additionally, the Technology Center receptionist can be reached at (571) 272-1600.

G.R. Ewoldt, Ph.D. Primary Examiner Technology Center 1600

G.R. EWOLDT, PH.D. PRIMARY EXAMINER